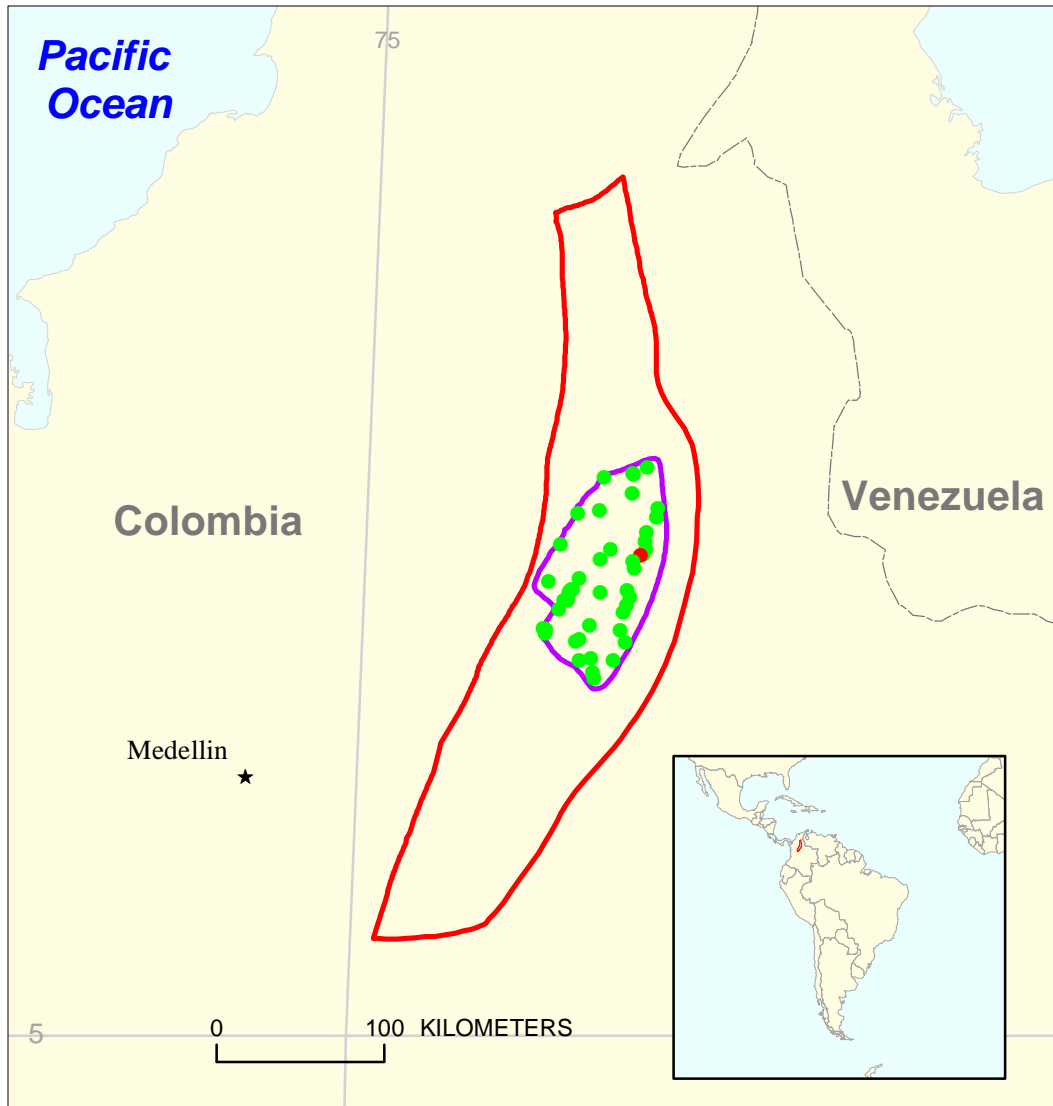


Northern Assessment Unit 60900101



- Northern Assessment Unit 60900101
- Middle Magdalena Geologic Province 6090

USGS PROVINCE: Middle Magdalena (6090)

GEOLOGIST: L.B. Magoon III

TOTAL PETROLEUM SYSTEM: La Luna-La Paz (609001)

ASSESSMENT UNIT: Northern (60900101)

DESCRIPTION: This assessment unit includes the traps in the northern part of the La Luna-LaPaz total petroleum system.

SOURCE ROCK: The source rock is the Late Cretaceous La Luna Formation.

MATURATION: The thermal maturity (0.6 percent Ro) of the source rock was sufficient to begin in the Eocene (~50 Ma) and was depleted in the Oligocene (~30 Ma).

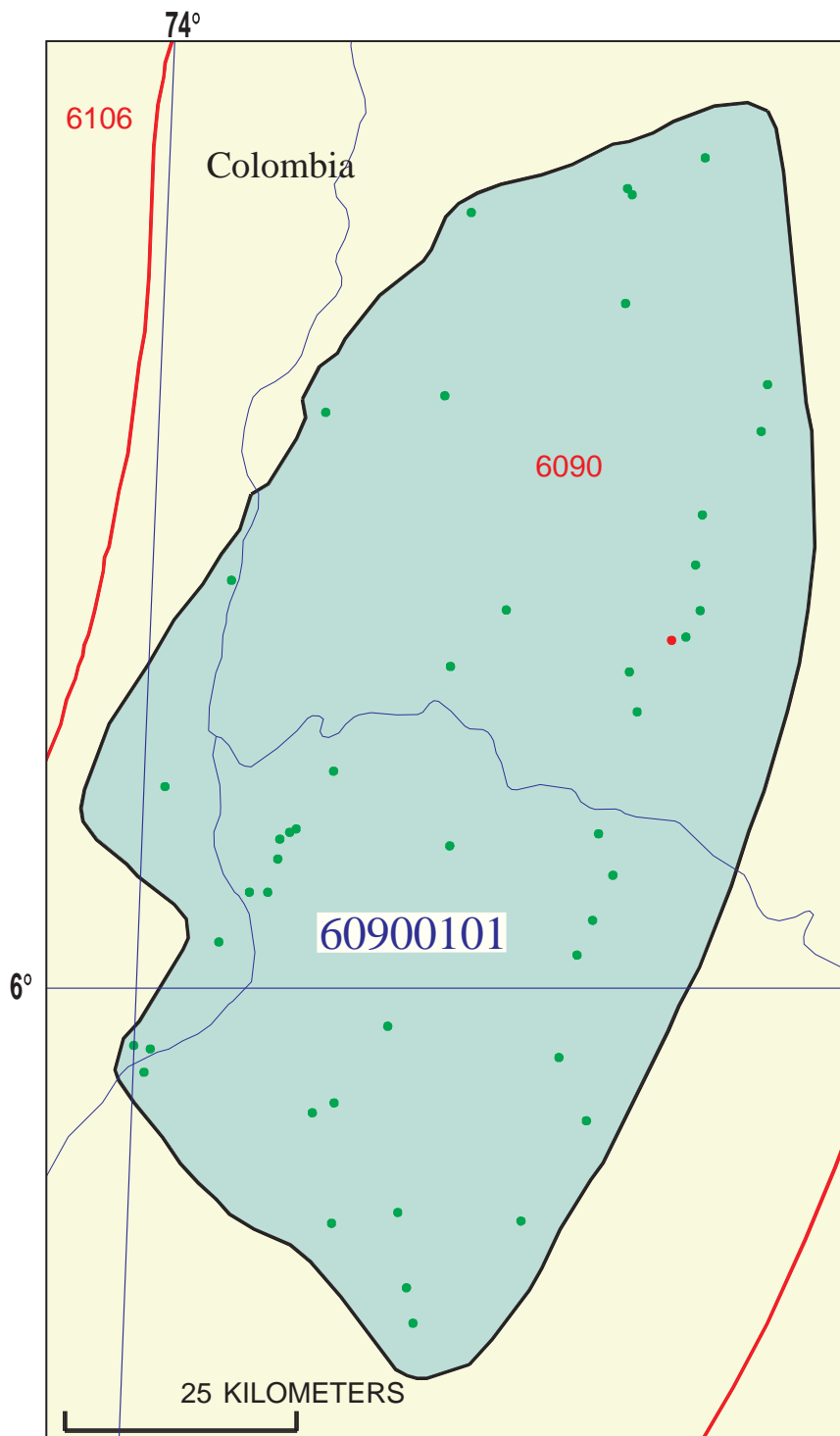
MIGRATION: Migration path is complex because petroleum migrated from a single source rock across a major unconformity into four different reservoir rocks. Where the reservoir rocks overlapped a truncated thermally mature La Luna source rock, petroleum was able to migrate into the overlying traps.

RESERVOIR ROCKS: Siliciclastic reservoir rocks of Late Cretaceous and Tertiary age were derived mostly from the craton on the east and cannibalized from the developing fold-and-thrust belt. Rock units include the La Paz, Esmeraldas, Mugrosa, and Lisama formations. Gross reservoir thickness ranges from 5 to 1219 m and net thickness ranges from 5 to 122 m. Reservoir properties range from 12 to 33 percent porosity and 33 to 4000 mD permeability.

TRAPS AND SEALS: Traps are mostly anticlines (19 traps), with some faults monoclinial folds (2), fault blocks (2), and a dome (1). Many of these traps formed very early and were continually rejuvenated. The seal rocks are thick shales of local extent that occur within the major reservoir rocks.

REFERENCES:

- Cooper, M.A., Addison, F.T., Alvarez, R., Coral, M., Graham, R.H., Hayward, A.B., Howe, S., Martinez, J., Naar, J., Peñas, R., Pulham, A.J., and Taborda, A., 1995, Basin development and tectonic history of the Llanos basin, Eastern Cordillera, and Middle Magdalena Valley, Colombia: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 79, p. 1421-1443.
- Ramon, J.C., Dzou, L., and Giraldo, B., 1997, Geochemical evaluation of the Middle Magdalena basin, Colombia: Instituto Colombiano del Petróleo, Ciencia, Tecnología y Futuro, v. 1, no. 3, p. 47-66.



Northern Assessment Unit - 60900101

EXPLANATION

- Hydrography
- Shoreline
- 6090 — Geologic province code and boundary
- Country boundary
- Gas field centerpoint
- Oil field centerpoint
- 60900101 — Assessment unit code and boundary

Projection: Robinson. Central meridian: 0

**SEVENTH APPROXIMATION
NEW MILLENNIUM WORLD PETROLEUM ASSESSMENT
DATA FORM FOR CONVENTIONAL ASSESSMENT UNITS**

Date:.....	6/29/99	
Assessment Geologist:.....	L.B. Magoon	
Region:.....	Central and South America	Number: 6
Province:.....	Middle Magdalena	Number: 6090
Priority or Boutique:.....	Priority	
Total Petroleum System:.....	La Luna-La Paz	Number: 609001
Assessment Unit:.....	Northern	Number: 60900101
* Notes from Assessor	Lower 48 growth factor.	

CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSESSMENT UNIT

Oil (<20,000 cfg/bo overall) or Gas (≥20,000 cfg/bo overall):... Oil

What is the minimum field size?..... 1 mmboe grown (≥1mmboe)
(the smallest field that has potential to be added to reserves in the next 30 years)

Number of discovered fields exceeding minimum size:.....	Oil: <u>27</u>	Gas: <u>0</u>
Established (>13 fields) <u>X</u>	Frontier (1-13 fields)	Hypothetical (no fields)

Median size (grown) of discovered oil fields (mmboe):

1st 3rd <u>42.2</u>	2nd 3rd <u>8</u>	3rd 3rd <u>5.6</u>
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Median size (grown) of discovered gas fields (bcfg):

1st 3rd	2nd 3rd	3rd 3rd
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Assessment-Unit Probabilities:

Attribute	Probability of occurrence (0-1.0)
1. CHARGE: Adequate petroleum charge for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
2. ROCKS: Adequate reservoirs, traps, and seals for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
3. TIMING OF GEOLOGIC EVENTS: Favorable timing for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size	<u>1.0</u>

Assessment-Unit GEOLOGIC Probability (Product of 1, 2, and 3):..... 1.0

4. ACCESSIBILITY: Adequate location to allow exploration for an undiscovered field ≥ minimum size.....	<u>1.0</u>
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UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

Number of Undiscovered Fields: How many undiscovered fields exist that are ≥ minimum size?:
(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

Oil fields:.....min. no. (>0) <u>5</u>	median no. <u>25</u>	max no. <u>50</u>
Gas fields:.....min. no. (>0)	median no.	max no.

Size of Undiscovered Fields: What are the anticipated sizes (**grown**) of the above fields?:
(variations in the sizes of undiscovered fields)

Oil in oil fields (mmbo).....min. size <u>1</u>	median size <u>4</u>	max. size <u>150</u>
Gas in gas fields (bcfg):.....min. size	median size	max. size

AVERAGE RATIOS FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS, TO ASSESS COPRODUCTS

(uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Gas/oil ratio (cfg/bo).....	400	600	1000
NGL/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....	30	60	90
<u>Gas fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Liquids/gas ratio (bnl/mmcfg).....			
Oil/gas ratio (bo/mmcfg).....			

SELECTED ANCILLARY DATA FOR UNDISCOVERED FIELDS

(variations in the properties of undiscovered fields)

<u>Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
API gravity (degrees).....	16	28	42
Sulfur content of oil (%).....	0.1	1	2.8
Drilling Depth (m)	200	1700	5000
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			
<u>Gas Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Inert gas content (%).....			
CO ₂ content (%).....			
Hydrogen-sulfide content (%).....			
Drilling Depth (m).....			
Depth (m) of water (if applicable).....			

**ALLOCATION OF UNDISCOVERED RESOURCES IN THE ASSESSMENT UNIT
TO COUNTRIES OR OTHER LAND PARCELS** (uncertainty of fixed but unknown values)

1. Colombia represents 100 areal % of the total assessment unit

<u>Oil in Oil Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	100	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	0	_____
<u>Gas in Gas Fields:</u>	minimum	median	maximum
Richness factor (unitless multiplier):.....	_____	_____	_____
Volume % in parcel (areal % x richness factor):...	_____	_____	_____
Portion of volume % that is offshore (0-100%):.....	_____	_____	_____

Northern, AU 60900101
Undiscovered Field-Size Distribution

